

NAME(S)

DATE _____

FINANCIAL RATIOS

BASIC LIQUIDITY RATIO	Importance: the basic liquidity ratio reveals the number of months a household could meet current expenses using liquid assets without additional income.
Liquid Assets (from Net Worth Statement)	\$
Monthly Expenses (from I and E Statement)	÷ \$
Basic Liquidity Ratio	=
	Recommendation: 3.0 or more

ASSET-TO-DEBT RATIO	Importance: measures solvency. If a person owes more than they own, they are insolvent. They would not be able to sell all their assets to pay all their debts.
Total Assets (from Net Worth Statement)	\$
Total Liabilities (from Net Worth Statement)	÷ \$
Asset-to-Debt Ratio	=
	Recommendation: the higher the better.
	Under 1.0 is insolvent.

DEBT PAYMENT-TO-INCOME RATIO	Importance: shows ability to make current
	debt payments.
Annual Debt Payments (add only monthly	
debt payments from I and E Statement then X	\$
12)	
Gross Income (from I and E Statement X 12)	÷ \$
Debt Payment-to-Income Ratio	=
	Recommendation: below .36 is adequate,
	.36 to .41 is marginal, above .41 is risky.